



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name K534324
MSDS name SUPER-TAK MIST 12/24 OZ
CAS number Mixture
Generic description Aerosol Spray Flammable
Manufacturer Bostik, Inc.
211 Boston Street
Middleton, MA 01949 USA
24 hour emergency assistance Telephone: 1-800-227-0332
General assistance Telephone: 1-978-777-0100
MSDS assistance Telephone: 1-414-607-1347

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component(s)	CAS #	Percent
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	7 - 13
Pentane	109-66-0	3 - 7
Isohexane	107-83-5	15 - 40
Acetone	67-64-1	10 - 30
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	10 - 30
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	10 - 30
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 30

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency overview Product is a flammable aerosol. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. Contact may cause skin and eye irritation. Mist may cause nose and throat irritation. Ingestion will cause nausea, vomiting, pain, upset stomach, and diarrhea.

Potential health effects

Skin This product may cause irritation to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact with this product may dry and/or defat the skin. This product may be harmful if it is absorbed through the skin. Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Eyes Liquid or vapors may irritate the eyes. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Eye contact may lead to permanent damage if not treated promptly.

Inhalation This product may cause irritation to the respiratory system. Excessive inhalation of this material causes headache, dizziness, nausea and incoordination. Possibly unconsciousness and asphyxiation.

Ingestion This product is harmful if swallowed. Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Target organs Central Nervous System. Lungs. Skin. Eyes.

Signs and symptoms of overexposure Signs and symptoms of overexposure to this product include headache, irritation of upper respiratory tract, asthmatic symptoms, chest tightness, breathing difficulty, coughing, eye irritation, skin irritation, diarrhea.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid

Skin For skin contact, wash immediately with soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Eye Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open at all times. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation	Move person to non-contaminated air. If the affected person is not breathing, apply artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Ingestion	If the material is swallowed, get immediate medical attention or advice -- Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.
Notes to physician	This material, if aspirated into the lungs, may cause chemical pneumonitis; treat the affected person appropriately. If overexposure to the solvents in this product is suspected, testing should include nervous system and brain effects including recent memory, mood, concentration, headaches and altered sleep patterns. Liver and kidney function should be evaluated.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers and to protect personnel. Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools; this may result in frothing and increase fire intensity.
Basic fire fighting procedures	DANGEROUS when exposed to heat or flame. This material can be ignited by flame or spark under all normal atmospheric conditions. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to some distant source of ignition and flash back. Pressurized Container: May explode when exposed to heat or flame. Empty containers may retain product residue including Flammable or Explosive vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, or weld near full, partially full, or empty product containers.
Dust explosion hazard	None Known
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	Container could potentially burst or be punctured upon mechanical impact, releasing flammable vapors.
Sensitivity to static discharge	Sparks generated by static discharge may ignite this product or its vapors. All containers and equipment must be bonded or grounded to minimize risk.
Unusual fire & explosion hazards	During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated during combustion or decomposition. High temperatures can cause sealed containers to rupture due to a buildup of internal pressures. Cool with water.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.
Flash point	-156 °F (-104.4 °C)

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency action	WARNING, Extremely flammable. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Restrict persons not wearing protective equipment from area until cleanup is complete. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.
Containment	Stop discharge if safe to do so. Stop material from contaminating soil or from entering sewers or water streams. Cover spills with non-flammable absorbent and place in closed chemical waste containers.
Reporting	See Federal reporting requirements listed in Section 15. We recommend you contact local authorities to determine if there may be other local reporting requirements.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE

Handling	Keep this product from heat, sparks, or open flame. Avoid getting this material into contact with your skin and eyes. Avoid breathing mists or aerosols of this product. Use this product with adequate ventilation. Do not reuse the empty container.
Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Temperatures greater than 130°F may cause containers to burst, releasing highly flammable gas. Keep out of direct sunlight. Do not store above 120 F (49 C).
Empty container precaution	Attention! Follow label warnings even after container is emptied since empty containers may retain product residues. Do not reuse empty container without professional cleaning for food, clothing, or products for human or animal consumption, or where skin contact can occur.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls	Provide local and general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any vapors or mists generated from the handling of this product. Additional area ventilation or local exhaust may be required to maintain air concentrations below recommended exposure limits. Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used.
Eye protection	Wear goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection Impervious gloves should be used at all times when handling this product. Recommended gloves include rubber, neoprene, nitrile or viton. Use of protective coveralls and long sleeves is recommended.

Respiratory protection Avoid breathing vapor and/or mists. If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. High airborne concentrations may necessitate the use of self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a supplied air respirator.

General Eyewash fountains and emergency showers should be readily available.

Exposure limits

ACGIH - Threshold Limits Values - Time Weighted Averages (TLV-TWA)

Acetone	67-64-1	<u>500 ppm TWA</u>
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	<u>100 ppm TWA</u>
Isohexane	107-83-5	<u>500 ppm TWA</u>
Pentane	109-66-0	<u>600 ppm TWA</u>
Propane	74-98-6	<u>1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases alkane C1-C4)</u>

NIOSH - Pocket Guide - TWAs

Acetone	67-64-1	<u>250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	<u>300 ppm TWA; 1050 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Isohexane	107-83-5	<u>100 ppm TWA; 350 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Pentane	109-66-0	<u>120 ppm TWA; 350 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Propane	74-98-6	<u>1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA</u>

U.S. - OSHA - Final PELs - Time Weighted Averages (TWAs)

Acetone	67-64-1	<u>1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	<u>300 ppm TWA; 1050 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Pentane	109-66-0	<u>1000 ppm TWA; 2950 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Propane	74-98-6	<u>1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA</u>

U.S. - OSHA - Vacated PELs - TWAs

Acetone	67-64-1	<u>750 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	<u>300 ppm TWA; 1050 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Isohexane	107-83-5	<u>500 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Pentane	109-66-0	<u>600 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA</u>
Propane	74-98-6	<u>1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA</u>

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Density 0.7 g/cc
Odor Mint When Wet
Color White
Physical state Aerosol
Freeze protect No
VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds) 63.8 %

10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY

Hazardous reactions/decomposition products Upon decomposition of this product, the following oxides will be produced: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulfur monoxide, sulfur dioxide, and various hydrocarbons. May also release hydrofluoric acid and possibly carbonyl fluoride.

Hazardous polymerization Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from sources of ignition. Avoid contact with Strong Oxidizers, Reducers, Acids and Alkalis.

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological data If any toxicological data is available, it will be listed below:

LD50

Toxicology Data - Selected LD50s and LC50s

1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	<u>Inhalation LC50 Mouse: 977 g/m³/2H</u>
Acetone	67-64-1	<u>Inhalation LC50 Rat: 76 mg/L/4H; Oral LD50 Rat: 1800 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: 20000 mg/kg</u>
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	<u>Inhalation LC50 Rat: 13.9 mg/L/4H; Oral LD50 Rat: >5000 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: >2000 mg/kg</u>
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	<u>Inhalation LC50 Rat: 308.5 mg/L/4H</u>
Pentane	109-66-0	<u>Inhalation LC50 Rat: 364 g/m³/4H; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: 3000 mg/kg</u>
Propane	74-98-6	<u>Dermal LD50 Rat: 658 mg/kg</u>

Chronic effects

Chronic exposure to solvents can cause reproductive problems, reduced fertility, dryness and cracking of skin, headaches, loss of appetite and nausea.

Carcinogenicity

If this product contains any carcinogens, they will be noted below:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information

Organic solvents produce slight to moderate toxicity to aquatic life. Insufficient data exists to evaluate the effect on plants, birds or land animals.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

It is the obligation of each user of the product mentioned herein to determine and comply with the requirements of all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

Waste disposal

Dispose of waste material according to Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations. Wastes must be tested using methods described in 40 CFR Part 261 to determine if it meets applicable definitions of hazardous wastes.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Basic shipping requirements:

Proper shipping name Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

IATA

Basic shipping requirements:

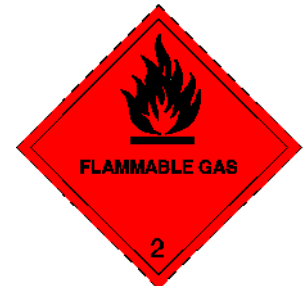
UN number UN1950
Proper shipping name Aerosols
Hazard class 2.1



IMDG

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1950
Proper shipping name Aerosols
Hazard class 2.1



15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This MSDS is prepared and distributed pursuant to the Federal Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Federal regulations All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

Acetone 67-64-1 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ
Cyclohexane 110-82-7 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

Cyclohexane 110-82-7 1.0 % de minimis concentration

U.S. - CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances

Cyclohexane 110-82-7 Present

U.S. - TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) - Section 12(b) - Export Notification

Pentane 109-66-0 Section 4, 1 % de minimis concentration

State regulations If this product contains any ingredients listed under California Proposition 65, they will be noted below:

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

Acetaldehyde 75-07-0 carcinogen, initial date 4/1/88 Trace impurity
Benzene 71-43-2 carcinogen, initial date 2/27/87 Trace impurity
Formaldehyde 50-00-0 carcinogen, initial date 1/1/88 (gas) Trace impurity

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

Benzene 71-43-2 developmental toxicity, initial date 12/26/97 Trace impurity
Toluene 108-88-3 developmental toxicity, initial date 1/1/91 Trace impurity

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

Benzene 71-43-2 male reproductive toxicity, initial date 12/26/97 Trace impurity

International regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.
All components are included on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

HMIS Ratings Health: 2*
Flammability: 4
Physical hazard: 1
Personal protection: X

SARA 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - Yes
Reactivity Hazard - No

WHMIS status Controlled

WHMIS labeling



WHMIS classification

A - Compressed Gas
B5 - Flammable/Combustible
D2A - Other Toxic Effects-VERY TOXIC
D2B - Other Toxic Effects-TOXIC

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer The data in this MSDS has been compiled from publicly available sources. This data relates only to the designated product and not to the use of said product in combination with other materials. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Responsibility for proper precautions and safe use of the product lies with the user. All data in this MSDS is typical of the product as a whole, and does not represent any individual lot or batch, therefore, Bostik, Inc. makes no warranty about the accuracy of the data herein and assumes no liability for the use of such data. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

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